# SIMPLE BANDAGING



# Part 1: SIMPLE BANDAGING



### **Function of Bandages**

- Maintain direct pressure on dressing
- Hold dressing & splints
- Provide support to injured limbs or joint
- Minimise movement.



A. Roller Bandages

(secure a dressing and support injured part)



Gauze Type
•To hold dressing
•Good blood absorption



• Gives compression on muscle

minimise joints movement



Crepe Type
•combination of both
Gauze & Elastic

Good for all purpose

B. Tubular bandages

(Pre-shaped bandages to suites for fingers/toes, limbs and joints)



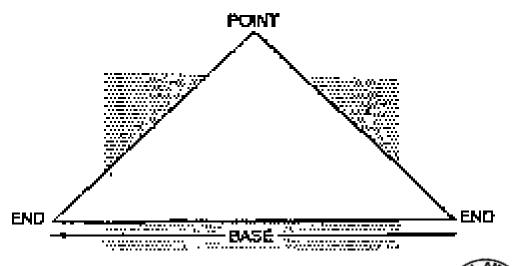




C. Triangular Bandages

(as sling, secure dressing and immobilize limbs. Can be used as large dressing as well)





C. Improvised Bandages

(any clean cloth that can be use as bandages. Light colour will be preferable)





#### General rules of applying bandages

- Reassure and explain your action
- Ensure comfort of your casualty
- Support the injured part
- Apply bandage from the front of casualty



#### General rules of applying bandages

- Pass bandages through body's natural hollows
- Apply bandages firmly but not too tight to cut off circulation
- Use reef knots
- Always check the circulation (every 10 min)
   Signs / symptoms of poor circulation:
  - Poor capillary refill
  - Numbness & Tingling sensation / Pain / swollen
  - Pale / Cyanosis



# SKILLS SECTION



### Folding a Bandage





Triangular Bandage





Half fold





**Broad Bandage** 

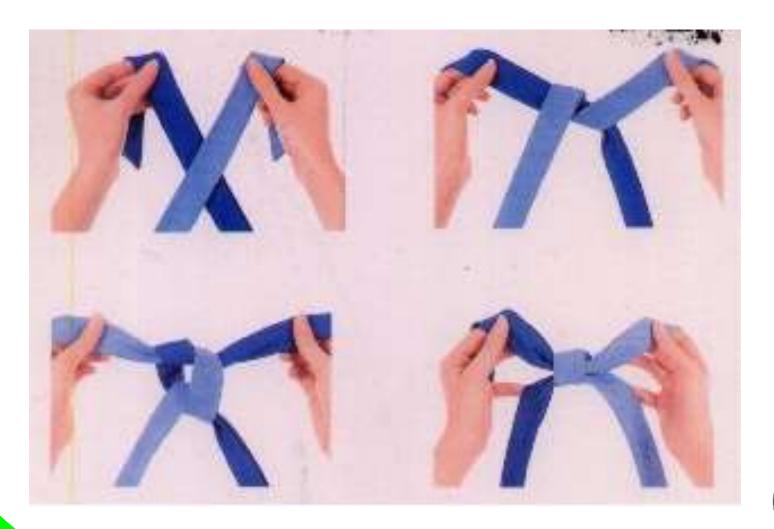




Narrow Bandage



### **REEF KNOT**



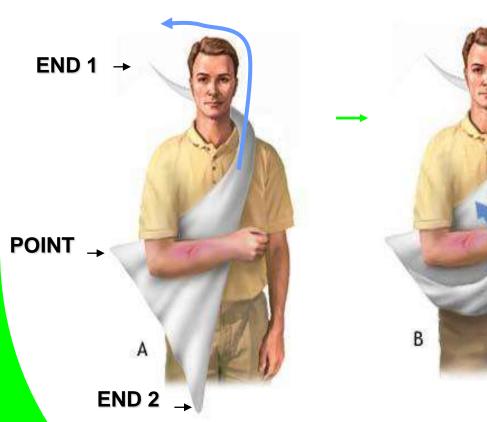


### **UNTYING REEF KNOTS**





### **Arm Sling**

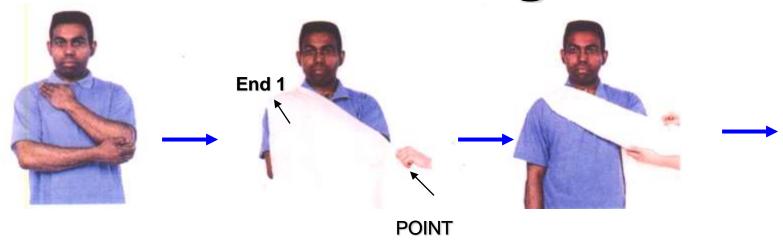


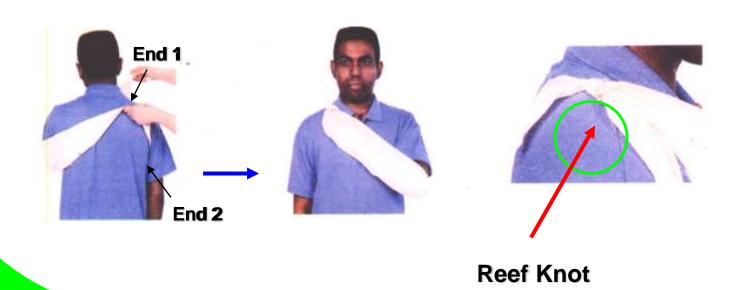






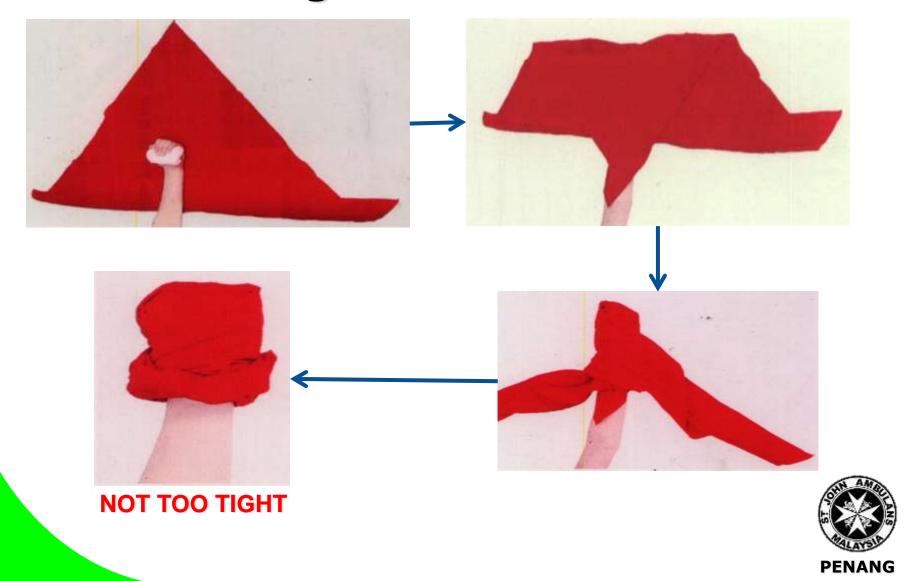
### **Elevation Sling**







#### Palm bandage - Transverse cut wound



## Foot bandage



Same method with Palm Bandage



# THANK

YOU

